

# The Birth of the Industrial Revolution

Use the boxes below to note down two (or more!) reasons why each factor was important in the industrial revolution. When you have made notes, give each factor a number based on its importance in your opinion. Give the **most important** a '1' and order the rest down to '6', which is the **least important**.

<p><b>Population Boom</b> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Population increased from _____ in 1750 to _____ in 1900.</p> <p>More people meant there needed to be more f_____, c_____, and h_____.</p>	<p><b>Agriculture</b> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Farmers needed to produce more food. They increased the amount of food they made by...</p> <p>a) C_____ r_____.</p> <p>b) S_____ b_____ of animals.</p> <p>c) New m_____. (Like the seed drill).</p>
<p><b>Factories</b> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Factories were important because they could produce products in large numbers and quickly.</p> <p>Factories were mainly in the c_____, so people moved there for work.</p>	<p><b>Power</b> <input type="text"/></p> <p>The first factories were powered by w_____. Advances in coal production led to the invention of w_____iron. This meant that big m_____ could be made.</p> <p>S_____ power meant that new machines and transport could be made.</p>
<p><b>Transport</b> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Improvements in transport were needed to t_____ goods around the country. R_____ were improved, c_____ were dug to move goods by boat. Steam t_____ used the new railways.</p>	<p><b>Empire</b> <input type="text"/></p> <p>The British Empire had c_____ all around the world. Places like C_____ and I_____ meant that goods from around the world could be traded.</p> <p>The population of the British Empire was about 400 m_____ by 1900.</p>

Now that you have chosen your order of importance, **explain** why you have made your choices for 1 and 6.

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